

Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome/Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome: A postnatal opioid withdrawal syndrome that can occur in newborns whose mothers were addicted to or treated with opioids while pregnant.

Infant at risk for NAS/NOWS: Any infant whose mother has positive history of opioid use during pregnancy or positive screen or positive biological testing for opioids.

Infant treated using standardized protocol: Any infant identified as at risk for NAS/NOWS who was treated using the standardized protocol.

Infant with NAS/NOWS: Any infant with 2 consecutive scores ≥ 12 or 3 scores ≥ 8 on the Finnegan Neonatal Abstinence Scoring System, or ≥ 4 on the Lipsitz Neonatal Drug Withdrawal Scoring System.

Infant transferred/transported for higher level of care: Any infant requiring transport to a different facility providing a higher level of neonatal care.

Duration of treatment for NOWS/NAS: The length of time between the initiation of any treatment and discontinuing treatment/discharge date from hospital.

Duration of pharmacological treatment for NOWS/NAS: The length of time between initiating pharmacological treatment and discontinuing pharmacological treatment.

Length of hospitalization: The length of time between admission to the hospital and discharge from the hospital.

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